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Forward-looking statements reflect the current views of the Company's management ("Management") on future events, which are based on the assumptions of the Management and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the Company's actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. The occurrence or non-occurrence of an assumption could cause the Company's actual financial condition and results of operations to differ materially from, or fail to meet expectations expressed or implied by, such forward-looking statements.

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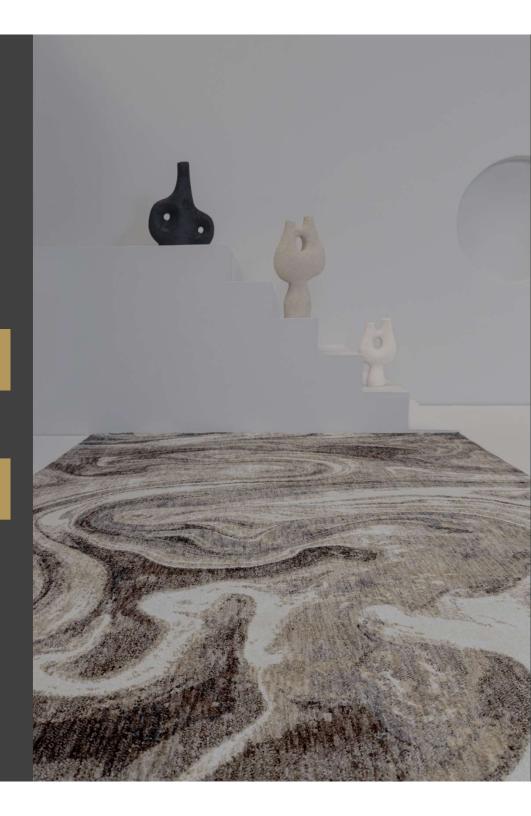
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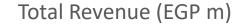


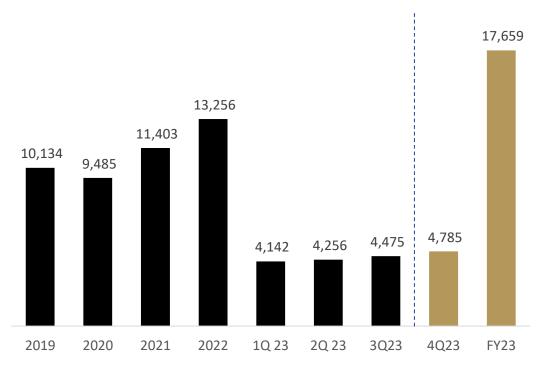
Total Revenue + 33% y-o-y

- International Markets + 34% y-o-y
- Egypt + **31% y-o-y**

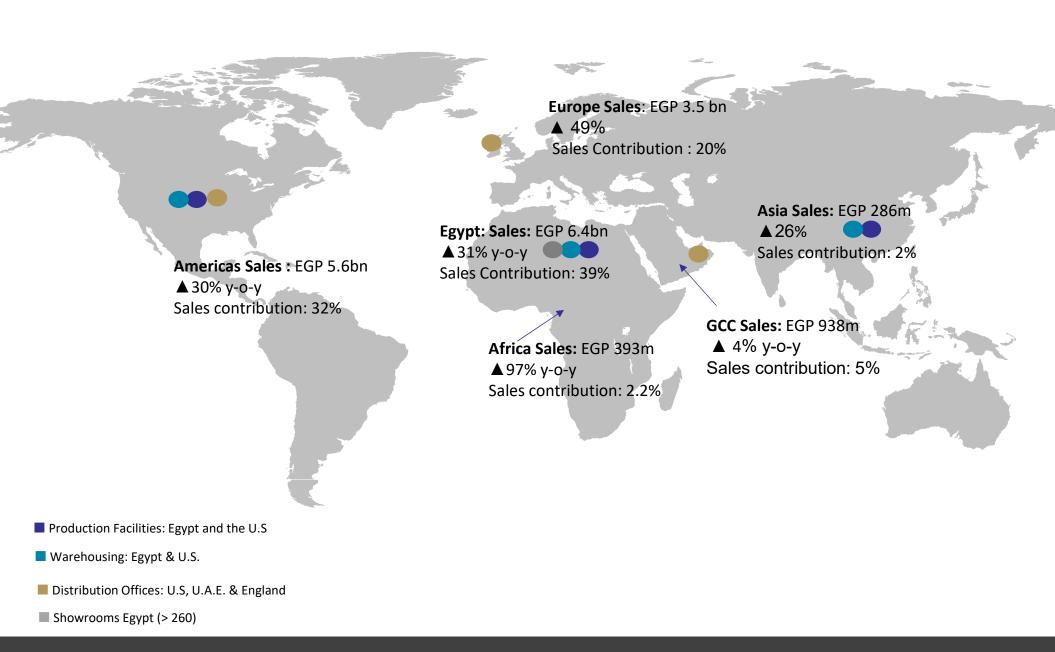
EBITDA **EGP 2,729 million + 85% y-o-y**EBITDA Margin **15.5% y-o-y**

Net Income **EGP 1,892 million**Net Attributable Income **EGP 1,740 million**Net Profit Margin **10.7%**EPS **EGP 2.6 + 106%**

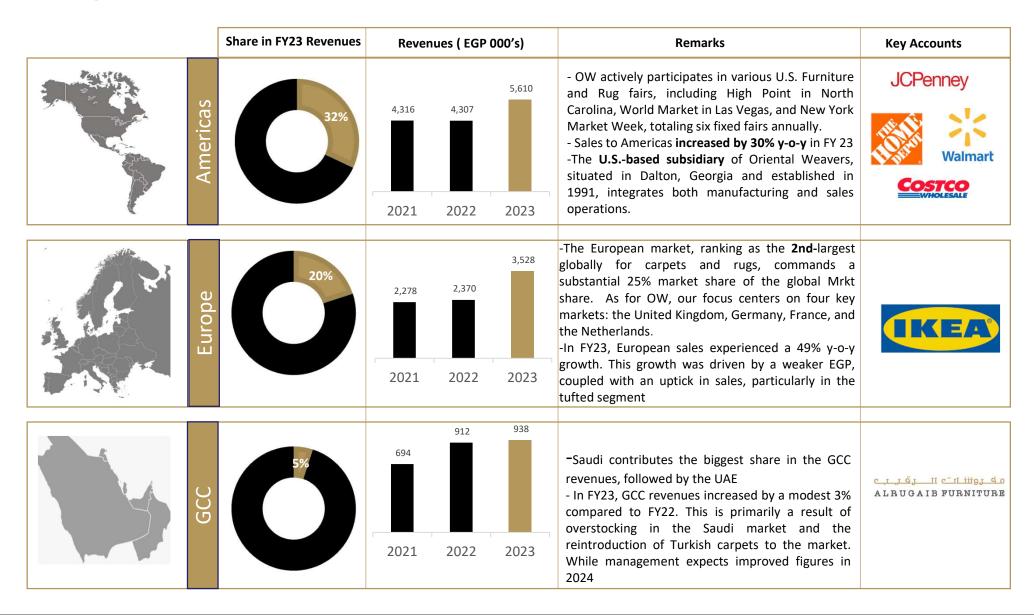




Diversified Footprint Provides a Unique Platform to Lead & Grow



I. Key International Markets Performance



II. Egypt Performance By Segment

(36% of revenue)

Woven + 32% YoY

Revenues from the woven segment grew by 32% YoY to EGP 5.2bn, it contributed the majority to overall revenue growth, while increased 2% in the same period. The growth was attributed to an increase in ASP in the local market in expanding our showrooms network by 10 new showrooms.

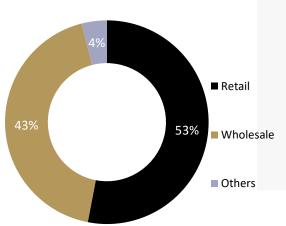
Tufted +22% YoY

In FY23, revenues from the tufted segment witnessed a substantial 22% year-on-year increase, reaching EGP 742 million. This growth can be attributed to an increase in the Average Selling Price (ASP) within the tufted segment, despite a decline in volumes.

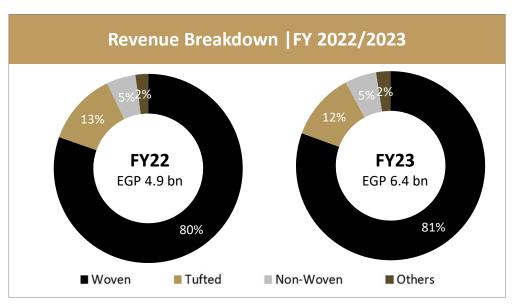
Non-Woven +41% YoY

Revenues from OW's non-woven segment grew by 41% YoY to EGP 347 m in FY23. Revenue growth was driven by increase in ASP, while volumes remained flat.

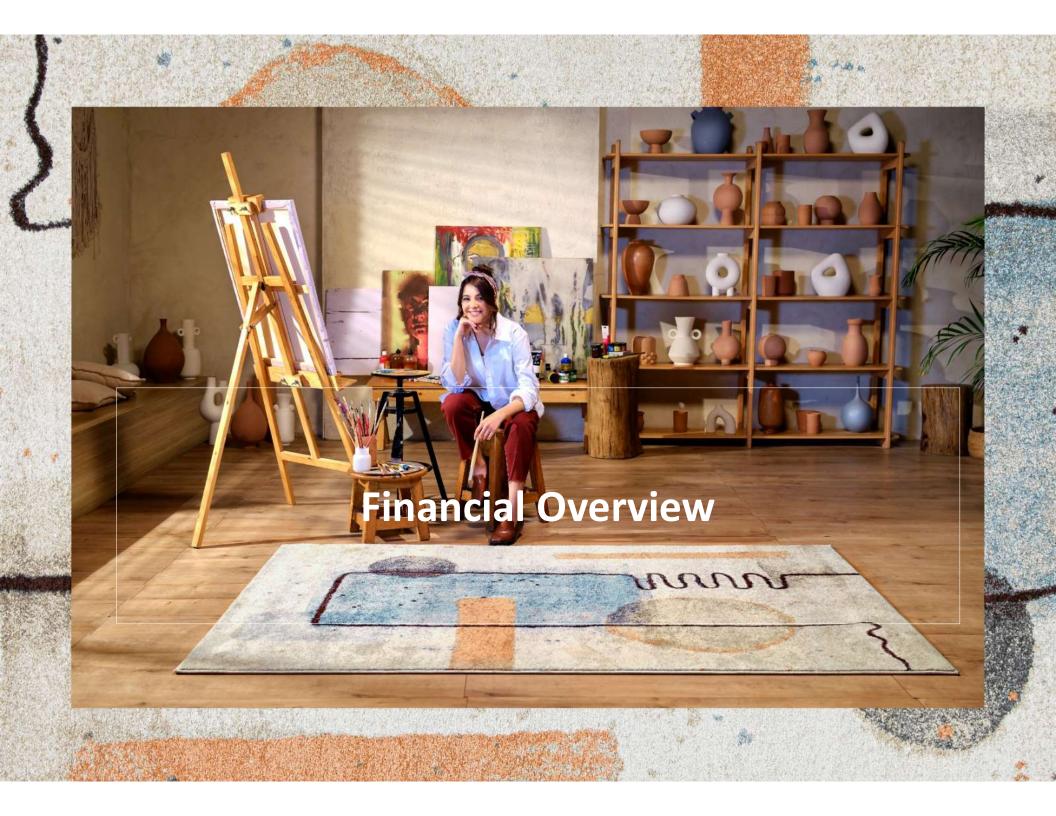
Distribution Channels



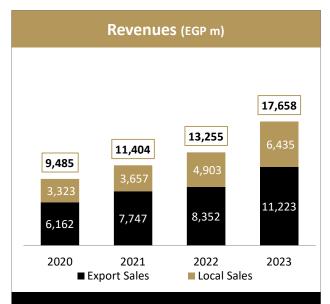
Given that 70% of our customers are newlyweds, this created solid demand in our local presence. Retail revenues, which constitute 53% of Egypt sales in FY23, showed a 28% yoo-y increase, driven by price increases and OW's marketing campaigns and expansive showroom strategy. Meanwhile, wholesale revenues reported a 35% y-o-y increase. OW inaugurated 10 new showrooms during FY23, in selected/underpenetrated areas, to expand our customer reach.





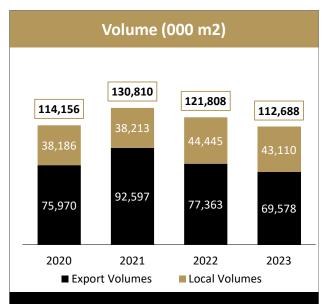


Income Statement Highlights



Revenues

Total Revenues grew by 33% y-o-y to EGP 17.6 billion in FY23. Export revenue, 64% of total revenues, increased by 34% y-o-y supported by local currency devaluation. While local sales increased by 31% y-o-y supported by increase in ASP.



Volume

The overall volume witnessed a 7% y-o-y decline in FY23. Export volume, specifically, experienced a 10% decline, primarily attributed to softness in the international consumer market and high inventory levels. However, this trend is showing signs of improvement, which will be reflected in 2024. Meanwhile, local volumes declined by 3% in FY23.

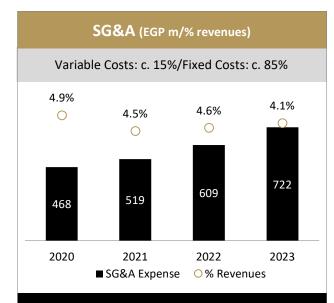


Gross Profit

In FY23, Gross Profit surged by 103% y-o-y, reaching EGP 2,550 million.

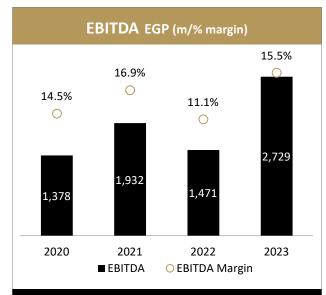
Simultaneously, the gross profit margin achieved 14.4%, marking a y-o-y increase of 4.96 pps. This improvement in the gross profit margin can be attributed to the rise in average selling prices, which outpaced the increase in raw material costs when measured in EGP terms. In addition to focusing on operational efficiency and reengineering.

Income Statement Highlights



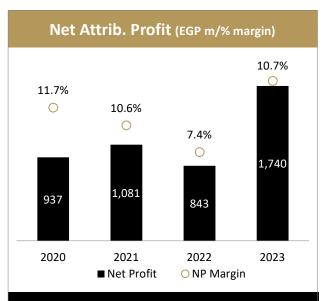
SG&A Expenses

SG&A expenses increased by 19% yo-y to record EGP 722 million in FY23. However, as a percentage of revenue, they decreased to 4.1%, attributed to the prevalence of EGPdominated expenses against a dollar-dominated top line.



EBITDA

EBITDA came in at EGP 2,729 million in FY23, representing an increase of 85% y-o-y. The corresponding EBITDA margin increased by 4.3 bps to 15.5% during FY23. The margin expansion comes on the back of higher gross profitability, and higher production efficiency

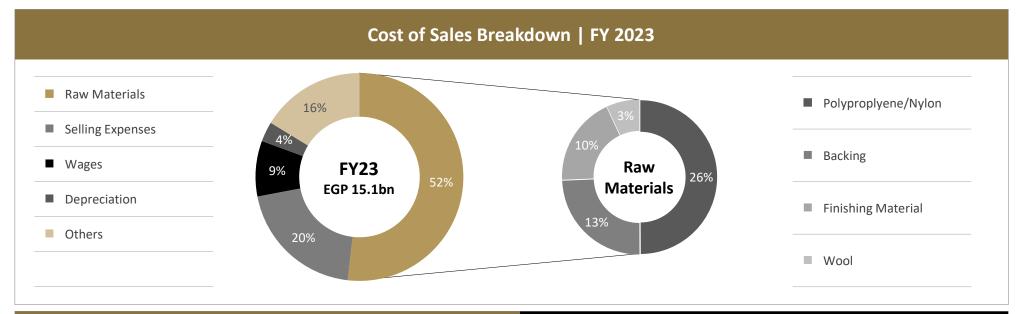


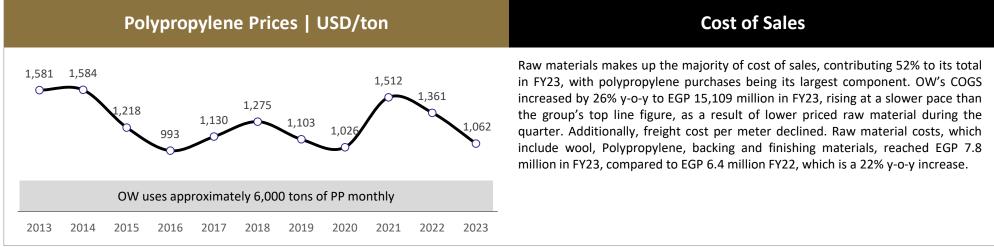
Net Profit

Net profit after minority interest increased by 146% YoY to record EGP 1,106 million in FY23.

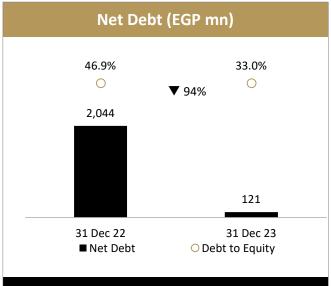
Meanwhile, the NPM came in at 10.7% in FY23, representing an improvement of 3.5 bps y-o-y. The increase came as a trickling down effect from higher gross profitability, coupled with the impact of the sale of the China facility.

Cost of Sales Analysis

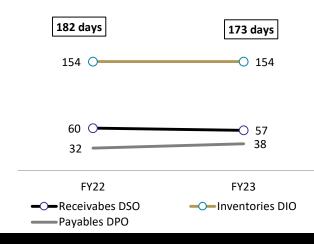


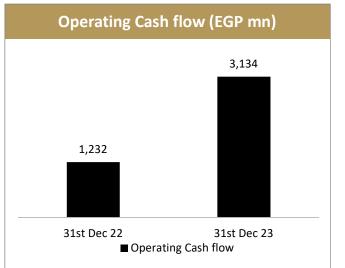


Balance Sheet & Other Highlights



Cash Conversion Cycle (Days)





Net Debt

The company's total debt as of 31 Dec 23 stood at EGP 4,677 million, down from EGP 5,277 million as at year-end 22. OW's cash balance stood at EGP 4,556 million versus EGP 3,233 million at year-end 22. The Company recorded a net debt of EGP 121 million compared to a net debt of EGP 2,044 million as Dec 22. OW debt breakdown is 70% USD, 16% Euro and 14% EGP.

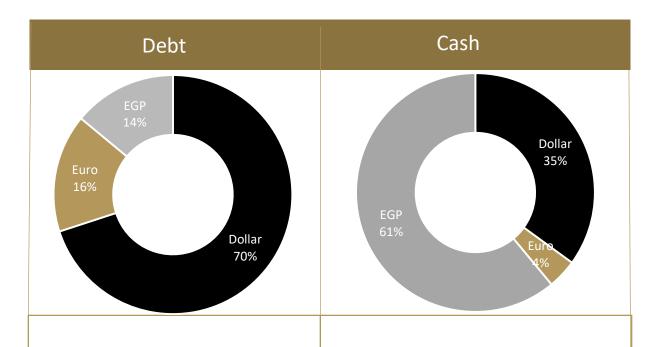
Cash Conversion Cycle

The Group's overall cash conversion cycle improved to 173 days in FY23. The decline in the CCC is mainly attributable to increase in payables DOH, as OW negotiated better payment terms with suppliers and increase in Receivables DOH. Despite devaluation impact, inventory DOH remained in the same level due to enhanced inventory management

Operating Cash flow

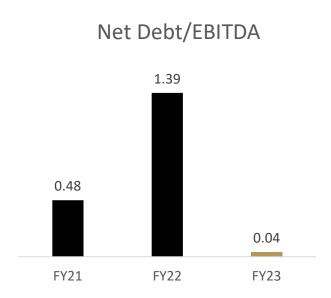
Cash flow from operating activities enhanced to EGP 3.1bn in Dec 23.

Balance Sheet & Other Highlights



Total Debt recorded EGP 4.6 bn in Dec-23 compared to EGP 5.3 bn in Dec-22, with a decline of 11%, despite the devaluation impact, primarily due to improvement in the working capital.

Cash, T-bills and Eurobonds recorded EGP 4.5 billion in Dec-23, compared to EGP 3.2 bn in Dec-22.



OW debt is mainly in USD, given its working capital needs. The Net debt/EBITDA ratio reached 0.04x in 2023.